DIPARTIMENTO DI INGEGNERIA CIVILE E AMBIENTALE



SEMINAR ANNOUNCEMENT

Beltrami Room, Building 5, ground floor, Leonardo Campus Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering

June 29th 2017, from 11:30 to 12:30

Transport in Streams and Rivers (Tubes and canoes, rafts and kayaks, barges and paddle-wheels; so many ways to travel downstream)

Prof. Diogo Bolster College of Engineering, University of Notre Dame

Rivers and streams transport the products of erosion and weathering, as well as anthropogenic materials collected from industrial, agricultural, and urban environments. While waterways are efficient transport networks, they are also important biogeochemical hotspots. Microbial biofilms colonizing organic and inorganic substrates at the sediment-water interface drive important biogeochemical reactions. The hyporheos is so efficient at cleaning up systems this that it is often referred to as a river's liver, but the water flow there is orders of magnitude slower than in the main water channel while reaction rates are orders of magnitude greater. In brief, streams are complex heterogeneous systems characterized by a broad distribution of spatial and temporal transport scales influenced by water column and adjacent subsurface properties. This broad separation of scales leads to systems that are difficult to model mathematically, particularly over relevant scales of practical interest. Conventional modeling approaches simply fail and transport in streams and rivers is commonly observed to be "anomalous".

Here we present the results from a series of field experiments and high resolution numerical experiments of flow and conservative tracer transport that explore the characteristics of stream and hyporheic flow that control anomalous behaviors. We present a stochastic model with which we can model the observations and with which we can parse out individual mechanisms controlling large scale transport more clearly, enabling us to move towards building predictive mechanistic large scale models. We conclude with preliminary results and a discussion on what the implications for transport of more complex substances of interest might including nutrients and other biological matter. such DNA. be. as

Reference: Dr. Giovanni Porta (giovanni.porta@polimi.it)

Prof. Diogo Bolster serves as Associate Director of the Environmental Change Initiative, and directs ND-ECI's Linked Experimental Ecosystem Facility (ND-LEEF). He is an Associate Professor and Frank M. Freimann Collegiate Chair in Hydrology in the Department of Civil & Environmental Engineering & Earth Sciences at the University of Notre Dame.

His research focuses on the impacts humans have on the earth and its resources, specifically targeting environmental fluid flows and contaminant transport across a wide range of scales from groundwater flows in porous media to more confined flows in enclosed spaces such as buildings.

In 2014, Prof. Bolster was awarded a National Science Foundation Early Career Development Award. He is also a member of the American Geophysical Union, International Society for Porous Media, and American Physical Society. Previously he served as a board director for the Consortium of Universities for the Advancement of Hydrologic Science.

